## Mandatory Exercise: Level Ancestor

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**1 Path Sums** Let *T* be a rooted tree with *n* nodes. Each edges is assigned a *weight*. The weight of a path in *T* is the sum of weight of edges on the path. We are interested in a data structure that supports the following operation on *T*. Given leaves  $\ell_1$  and  $\ell_2$  and integers  $k_1$  and  $k_2$  define

path − sum(ℓ<sub>1</sub>, ℓ<sub>2</sub>, k<sub>1</sub>, k<sub>2</sub>): return the weight of the path between the k<sub>1</sub>-ancestor of ℓ<sub>1</sub> and the k<sub>2</sub>-ancestor of ℓ<sub>2</sub>.

Give a compact data structure that supports fast queries.