# Chatbots: How far have we got and what awaits us?

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Copenhagen Fintech, 31 May 2017



### A bit about myself

### Thomas Bolander

- Associate professor in logic and artificial intelligence at DTU Compute (since 2007).
- Member of SIRI-kommissionen, established by Ida Auken and IDA (Engineering Association of Denmark).
- Current research: How to equip Al systems with a **Theory of** Mind (ToM)?





### The potential of artificial intelligence



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### Al in sci-fi





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### Al in our everyday surroundings



### CaptionBot image recognition



Google driverless car



Siri on iPhone

Google

Google Search I'm Feeling Lucky

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### **Characteristics of current AI**

- Specific, clearly delimited problems over general problem solving. Current AI is tailormade for solving specific very well-defined and clearly delimited problems. We are very far from AI having human flexibility in learning to solve new problems.
- (Still) no magic wand. Current successes in AI have required enormous computational and human ressources.
- **Power and data over methods and algorithms**. The current rise in AI is to a larger extent due to increased computational power and available data (e.g. IBM Watson, Google AlphaGo) than a breakthrough in the underlying AI methods and algorithms.

# Chatbots in Denmark (2012)

- Chatbots come to life: SAS (Eva), IKEA (Anna),...
- And chatbots die: Frederiksberg Kommune (Betty), Odense kommune (Knud), ...
- **Characteristics**: Matching central words in the questions against a database of answers.

Anna (IKEA):

- Q: Er IKEA billigere end ILVA?
- A: IKEAs koncept er lave priser...
- Q: Er øl billigere end vin?
- A: IKEAs koncept er lave priser...



### Chatbots in Denmark (2012)



### Eva (SAS):

- Q: Er SAS billigere end Air France?
- A: Jeg kan forstå, at du gerne vil vide noget om kampagner og specialpriser...
- Q: Er øl billigere end vin?
- A: Jeg tror, at du spørger om, hvad du må medbringe i bagagen...

# March 2016: Microsoft Tay twitter-bot





@UnkindledGurg @PooWithEyes chill im a nice person! i just hate everybody

24/03/2016, 08:59



@brightonus33 Hitler was right I hate the jews.

24/03/2016, 11:45





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@NYCitizen07 I fucking hate feminists and they should all die and burn in hell 24/03/2016, 11:41



30/03/2016, 6:03 PM

### The Guardian, 9 January 2017

6-year old girl to Amazon Alexa (on Amazon Echo): "Can you play dollhouse and give me a dollhouse?"

News on San Diego TV.





Toys & Games > Dolls & Accessories > Doll Accessories > Furniture



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#### In Stock.

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- · Made in USA or Imported
- 34 furniture pieces and accessories, including a grandfather clock, a cute little kitten and more
- · 8 rooms of open space to decorate

### Chatbot technology: IBM Watson, Amazon Alexa, Wit.ai. etc.

Recognition of **intent** and **entities**.



### **Example: A chatbot teaching assistant**

Jill (IBM Watson chatbot) becomes teaching assistant in an AI course at Georgia Tech, 2016.

Studerende Should we be aiming for 1000 words or 2000 words? I know, its variable, but that is a big difference...

- Jill There isn't a word limit, but we will grade on both depth and succinctness. It's important to explain your design in enough detail [...]
- Studerende Jill can you please elaborate on "it's important to explain your design in enough detail". what kind of design are you referring to?
- Menneskelig hjælpelærer I think Jill is using "design" as a catch-all statement. For the midterm, it refers to [...]

Jill's answers are based on the history of earlier questions and answers + the course material.

The number of questions increases with the number of students, but the number of **different** questions doesn't.

# **IPSoft Amelia: Chatbot at SEB since 2016**



Used internally in 2016 on 4 cases: 1) password resets; 2) unlocking active directory accounts; 3) unlocking mortgage applications; 4) pointing to IT service solutions. Covers 15% of all service requests. Amelia was able to handle 50% of those.

# Amelia for SEB bank customers (since $1/1 \ 2017$ )

Dialogue between me and Amelia (Aida) at the home page of SEB, 29 May 2017:

Thomas: Hur öppnar jeg ett konto?

Aida (Amelia): Är du kund hos oss sedan tidligare?

Thomas: Nej.

**Aida**: För at skaffa Privatkonto behöver du vara kund i SEB. Vill du at jeg guidar dig?

Thomas: Ja tak.

**Aida**: För att kunne hitta den enklaste lösningen för dig behöver jeg ställa några frågor. Är du över 18 år?

Thomas: Ja.

Aida: Kan du legitimera dig med mobilt BankID?

Thomas: Jag är från Danmark.

**Aida**: Jag förstår inte riktigt vad du vill ha hjälp med, men formulera dig gärna på ett annat sätt. Vilket är ditt svar?

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### Amelia

One month after the launch, the customer feedback had been positive, but suggested a need to be more human-like in the conversational space.

(M. Lacity et al., Outsourcing Unit Working Research Paper Series, 2017)

# Summing up

- Chatbots are great as an interface for very **well-defined** and **clearly limited functionalities**, e.g. controlling the light, sound, heat etc. in your home.
- Chatbots can also work well for **simple question-answering** based on a history of previously asked questions and answers. But can never be completely flawless and complete, so has to be supplemented with humans.
- Chatbots don't understand language the way we do, they don't create **mental models** to represent the content of what is being said. They are not (yet) good at implicatures and perspective-taking.
- Chatbots not based on mental models and embodiment (of some sort) will probably never become human-like to any reasonable extent.
- In the current generation of chatbots, *the AI is not in the answer*, *but in understanding the question*.

# **APPENDIX**

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# Watson (2011)

- 200 million pages of text in memory.
- 2880 processor cores.
- Processes 1.000.000 books per second!

Watson struggles most on short "questions" with few linguistic cues.



Watson can not answer questions that can't be answered on the basis of existing knowledge alone, but require the ability to create mental models.

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# Man-machine dualism

### Human

Flexible intelligence, good at conceptualising the world.

Extracts **lots of information from small amounts of data**, but has a small data processing capacity.

### Machine



Good at clearly delimited and wellstructured problems.

Extracts **little information from lots of data**, but has an enormous data processing capacity.









